

Investor types for green manufacturing: choosing capital that supports sustainability

For manufacturing SMEs aiming to scale sustainably, capital is more than a financial resource – it's a strategic tool. The right investor can accelerate your path to decarbonisation, circular innovation, and competitive advantage. But funding comes in many forms, and not all are created equal when it comes to supporting sustainable growth.

This edition looks at two key types of investors – traditional and angel – and how to decide which is right for your company. The guidance shared here is based in part on an investment readiness course developed within the **Green Path Academy** – a learning space that will be part of the **B2GreenHub** ecosystem.

Traditional investors: large capital, limited involvement

Traditional investors – such as private equity firms or investment funds – typically focus on established companies with proven growth models. Their involvement is mostly financial, not operational. Key info:

- when they fit: your business has a clear growth trajectory, requires substantial capital, and can demonstrate strong financial returns
- **sustainability view:** many are increasingly drawn to ESG-aligned companies that manage environmental risks and improve long-term resilience
- key benefit: access to large-scale investment for infrastructure, production upgrades, or market expansion

Angel investors: early-stage support with active input

Angel investors are individuals who fund early-stage businesses and often contribute experience, guidance, and industry contacts. Key info:

• when they fit: you're in an early development phase and need support refining your green business model or entering new markets

- sustainability view: many angel investors are motivated by long-term impact and actively seek ventures with climate or circularity goals
- **key benefit:** strategic support alongside capital especially valuable when testing new technologies or approaches

Preparing to engage with investors

Funding follows clarity. Before reaching out to investors, manufacturers should be prepared to demonstrate not just financial logic, but environmental relevance. Recommended steps include:

- defining your **funding gap** and how new capital will close it
- articulating a scalable business model with revenue logic and environmental value
- identifying **operational risks** including supply chain, regulatory, and resource exposure and showing how you plan to manage them
- clarifying your legal and governance structure to streamline due diligence
- framing your sustainability impact in terms of measurable outcomes, not just ambitions

A structured approach improves credibility – and signals that you understand how growth, risk, and responsibility intersect.

Rethinking capital for a green economy

As the manufacturing sector evolves, so do investor expectations. Funding is no longer just about projected returns; it's also about alignment – with climate goals, supply chain transparency, and resource efficiency. SMEs that are able to tell a clear, grounded story – of how their work supports environmental and economic transition – will be better positioned to attract support and scale their solutions responsibly.